

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of

Atty. Docket

ANDREW T. YULE

PHB 34,435

Serial No.

Group Art Unit

Filed: CONCURRENTLY

Ex.

Title: MOBILE UNIT HAVING A POSITIONAL ALARM

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

AUTHORIZATION PURSUANT TO 37 CFR §1.136(a)(3)
AND TO CHARGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNT

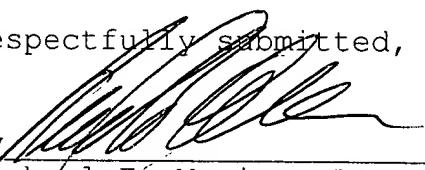
Sir:

The Commissioner is hereby requested and authorized to treat any concurrent or future reply in this application requiring a petition for extension of time for its timely submission, as incorporating a petition for extension of time for the appropriate length of time.

Please charge any additional fees which may now or in the future be required in this application, including extension of time fees, but excluding the issue fee unless explicitly requested to do so, and credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 14-1270.

Respectfully submitted,

By


Michael E. Marion, Reg. 32,266
Attorney
(914) 333-9641

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)



Patent Office
1000



INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

CERTIFIED COPY OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

The Patent Office
Concept House
Cardiff Road
Newport
South Wales
NP10 8QQ

JC531 U.S. PTO

09/741657



I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

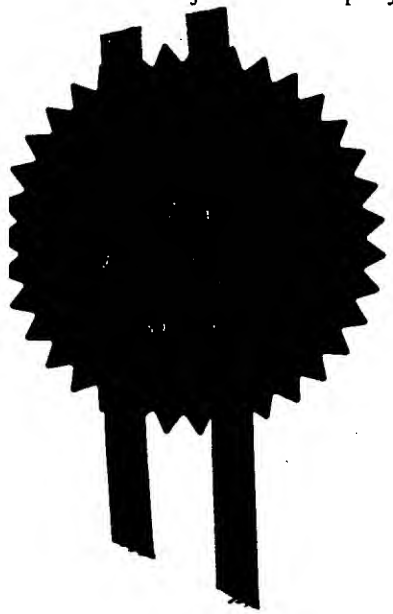
In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely subjects the company to certain additional company law rules.

Signed

Dated 13 July 2000



THIS PAGE BLANK (USPIC,

D

The Patent Office

22 DEC 1999

NEWPORT

23JFC99 E501343-4 D02879

P01/7700 0.00-9930305.9

1/77

(See notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)

The Patent Office
Cardiff Road
Newport
Gwent NP9 1RH

"A"

1. Your reference PHB34435
-
2. Patent application number
(The Patent Office will fill in this part)
- 9930305.9
- 22 DEC 1999

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (*underline all surnames*)

Patents ADP Number (if you know it) 741 929 4001

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

THE NETHERLANDS

4. Title of the invention
- MOBILE UNIT HAVING A POSITIONAL ALARM**

5. Name of your agent (if you have one) **ARTHUR S. ANDREWS**
 "Address for service" in the United Kingdom **Philips Corporate Intellectual Property**
 to which all correspondence should be sent **Cross Oak Lane**
 (including the postcode) **Redhill**
Surrey RH1 5HA

Patents ADP number (if you know it) 76 588 83001

- | 6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number | Country | Priority Application number
(if you know it) | Date of filing
(day/month/year) |
|--|---------|---|------------------------------------|
| | | | |

- | 7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application | Number of earlier application | Date of filing
(day/month/year) |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | |

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer "Yes" if:
- YES
- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
- b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
- c) any named applicant is a corporate body.
- See note (d)).

9. Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form.
Do not count copies of the same document.

Continuation sheets of this form

Description	5 x (2)
Claims(s)	2 x (2)
Abstract	1 x (2)
Drawings	24 x (2)

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item:

Priority Documents

Translations of priority documents
Statement of inventorship and right
to grant of a patent (*Patents Form 7/77*)
Request for preliminary examination and
search (*Patents Form 9/77*)
Request for substantive examination

(*Patents Form 10/77*)

Any other documents

(Please specify)

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

S. Townsend

Date 21st December 1990

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

01293 815339

(S. Townsend)

Warning

After an application for a patent has been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or communication of the invention should be prohibited or restricted under Section 22 of the Patents Act 1977. You will be informed if it is necessary to prohibit or restrict your invention in this way. Furthermore, if you live in the United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 stops you from applying for a patent abroad without first getting written permission from the Patent Office unless an application has been filed at least 6 weeks beforehand in the United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention and either no direction prohibiting publication or communication has been given, or any such direction has been revoked.

Notes

- If you need help to fill in this form or you have any questions, please contact the Patent Office on 0645 500505.
- Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.
- If you have answered "Yes" *Patents Form 7/77* will need to be filed.
- Once you have filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.

DESCRIPTION

MOBILE UNIT HAVING A POSITIONAL ALARM

5 This invention relates to a mobile unit having a positional alarm.

 It is known to provide a positional alarm in a dedicated mobile receiver wherein the receiver is responsive to the transmissions of any of a number of dedicated transmitters placed at different train stations whereby an audible
10 alarm is sounded upon the receiver approaching a preselected train station. The purpose of such an arrangement is to attract the attention of a user travelling on a train and in possession of such a receiver or, if asleep, wake the user so as to prevent the user missing their selected train stop. However, to work effectively, dedicated transmission infrastructure must be in place at each
15 train station which may be costly. Also, the user must have and carry a dedicated receiver.

 It is an object of the present invention to provide a mobile unit with a positional alarm of the type described above, but without reliance on dedicated
20 transmission infrastructure.

 According to the present invention, a mobile unit for use with a cellular radio transmission system having a plurality of base stations adapted for two-way radio communication and situated at respective geographical locations to
25 define a corresponding plurality of overlapping service areas constituting one or more regions, the mobile unit comprising a receiver, control means for controlling the mobile unit, means for entering into the control means a predetermined service area, the control means being capable of recognising entry of the mobile unit into the predetermined service area from an adjacent
30 service area, and means for notifying a user of the mobile unit of entry into the predetermined service area.

Such a mobile unit may be used to provide a user with a positional alarm whilst utilising existing cellular radio transmission infrastructure without modification, and thus not the requiring dedicated transmission infrastructure of the prior art. When using existing cellular radio transmission infrastructure, it is convenient if the predetermined service area is identified by the identification code of the corresponding base station.

Ideally, the mobile unit further comprises a transmitter and is adapted to communicate by two-way radio with the base stations. As the invention makes use of conventional cellular radio transmission infrastructure, a two-way mobile communication unit, e.g. a mobile phone, may be readily provided with an integral positioning alarm.

The position may be communicated to the user with an audible, visible or mechanical alarm via the user interface. With respect to an audible or visible alarm, these are especially convenient given that conventional mobile phones normally have a visual display for providing information to the user and an audible alarm for notifying the user of an incoming call.

Preferably, the user may pre-programme the control means via the user interface with information identifying a user selected service area as the predetermined service area.

Either alternatively or in addition, a user may instruct the control means via the user interface to define the current service area as the predetermined service area. This enables the user to set a "home" service area.

Embodiments of the present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 illustrates diagrammatically the geographical layout of a conventional radio transmission system; and

Figure 2 is a block schematic diagram of an embodiment of a handheld cellular telephone according to the present invention.

The geographical layout of a conventional cellular radio transmission system is illustrated diagrammatically in figure 1. The system comprises a

plurality of base stations BS of which seven, BS1 to BS7, are shown, situated at respective, mutually spaced geographic locations. Each of these base stations comprises the entirety of a radio transmitter and receiver operated by a trunking system controller at any one site or service area. The respective
5 service areas SA1 to SA7 of these base stations overlap, as shown by the cross hatching, to collectively cover the whole region shown. A plurality of mobile units MS are provided of which three, MS1, MS2 and MS3 are shown. Each mobile unit is free to roam throughout the whole region, and indeed outside it. Each of these mobile units also comprises a radio transmitter /
10 receiver which is capable of communicating with a base station transmitter / receiver when it is within satisfactory communication range of that base station transmitter / receiver, and also comprises means for controlling various operations. The system may furthermore comprise a system controller SC provided with a two-way communication link, CL1 to CL7 respectively, to each
15 base station BS1 to BS7. Each of these communication links may be, for example, a dedicated land-line. The system controller SC may, furthermore, be connected to a the public switched telephone network (PSTN) to enable communication to take place being a mobile unit MS1 and a subscriber to that network. Alternatively, the base stations may be interconnected by a mesh
20 network.

In a known such system, each mobile unit is arranged when operative to register with a base station of which it is within communication range and thereby with the corresponding service area, and to respond to it being no longer within communication range of a base station serving a service area
25 with which it is currently registered by registering with another base station of which it is within such range (if any) and thereby with the corresponding service area. When registered, the mobile unit will be in receipt of an identifying code corresponding to the base station with which it is registered, as indeed base stations are uniquely identified. This enables, inter alia, the
30 mobile unit to distinguish between future broadcasts of the registered base station with those of adjacent base stations with respect to which it is not registered. Of course, such cellular radio systems are well known as are their

signalling protocols. In addition, from JP-A-62-179230, it is known for a mobile station to receive a unique identification code of a base station so as to recognise the service area at which it is located at present and to send that positional information to the base station.

5

Referring to figure 2, a cellular telephone 1 according to the present invention and for use with the conventional radio transmission system of figure 1 is shown comprising a processor 2 having a central processing unit 3 and memory 4. The processor is coupled to an antenna 11 via a transmitter /
10 receiver 5, to speakers 6 of which one is for use with the telephone ear piece and the other for user notification, to a microphone 7, to a keypad 9, to a display 10 and to a battery 6. As the operation of such a cellular telephone for two-way communication with a base station of a radio transmission system of the type shown in figure 1 is entirely conventional, such operation will not be
15 elaborated upon further.

In accordance with the invention, the processor 2 is pre-programmed so as to identify a predetermined service area SA1 by a corresponding base station identification number. The processor is configured to recognise entry of the cellular telephone into that service area from an adjacent service area
20 SA2, SA6 and SA7 and, upon such entry, to sent an instruction signal to the speaker 6 to generate an audible alarm thereby notifying the user. The alarm may be terminated by pressing an appropriate key on the key pad 9.

The user is able to pre-programme the predetermined service area SA by pressing a button on the keypad 9 corresponding to the function of setting
25 the positional alarm. The predetermined service area is then configured to the service area occupied by the user when pressing the button or, if at the time of pressing the button, the telephone is not registered with any base station BS, the service area associated with the next base station that the cellular telephone registers with. Alternatively, the user may pre-programme the
30 predetermined service area by entering an appropriate location code on the keypad whereby that the location code is in some way related to a base station identification number.

Either alternatively or in addition, the alarm may be provided by a graphic or text displayed on the display 10, or by mechanical means such as vibration.

5 The cellular telephone 1 may for example be used in a scenario in which a user commuting from home to work on a train pre-programmes the predetermined service area to the service area corresponding to the home train station. Upon returning by train, as the user (carrying their cellular phone) approaches the home train station whereby the cellular phone registers with the base station corresponding to the predetermined service area, the alarm is
10 effected. Such an alarm may prevent a user who has either fallen asleep on the train or is not paying attention to the progress of the train from missing their respective stop.

The processor 11 will be typically embedded in an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), and implementation of the present invention may be
15 accomplished by appropriate microprocessor programming or configuration of such an ASIC. Of course, such programming and configuration is well known and would be accomplished by one of ordinary skill in the art without undue burden.

CLAIMS

1. A mobile unit for use with a cellular radio transmission system having a plurality of base stations adapted for two-way radio communication and situated at respective geographical locations to define a corresponding plurality of overlapping service areas constituting one or more regions, the mobile unit comprising a receiver, control means for controlling the mobile unit, means for entering into the control means a predetermined service area, the control means being capable of recognising entry of the mobile unit into the predetermined service area from an adjacent service area, and means for notifying a user of the mobile unit of entry into the predetermined service area.
2. A mobile unit according to claim 1 further comprising a transmitter and adapted to communicate by two-way radio with the base stations.
3. A mobile unit according to claim 1 or claim 2 wherein the predetermined service area is identified by the identification code of the corresponding base station.
4. A mobile unit according to any preceding claim wherein the user is notified by an audible, visible or mechanical alarm.
5. A mobile unit according to any preceding claim comprising user operated means to enter into the control means information identifying a user selected service area as the predetermined service area.
6. A mobile unit according to any preceding claim comprising means for enabling the user to instruct the control means to define the current service area as the predetermined service area.

7. A mobile unit as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

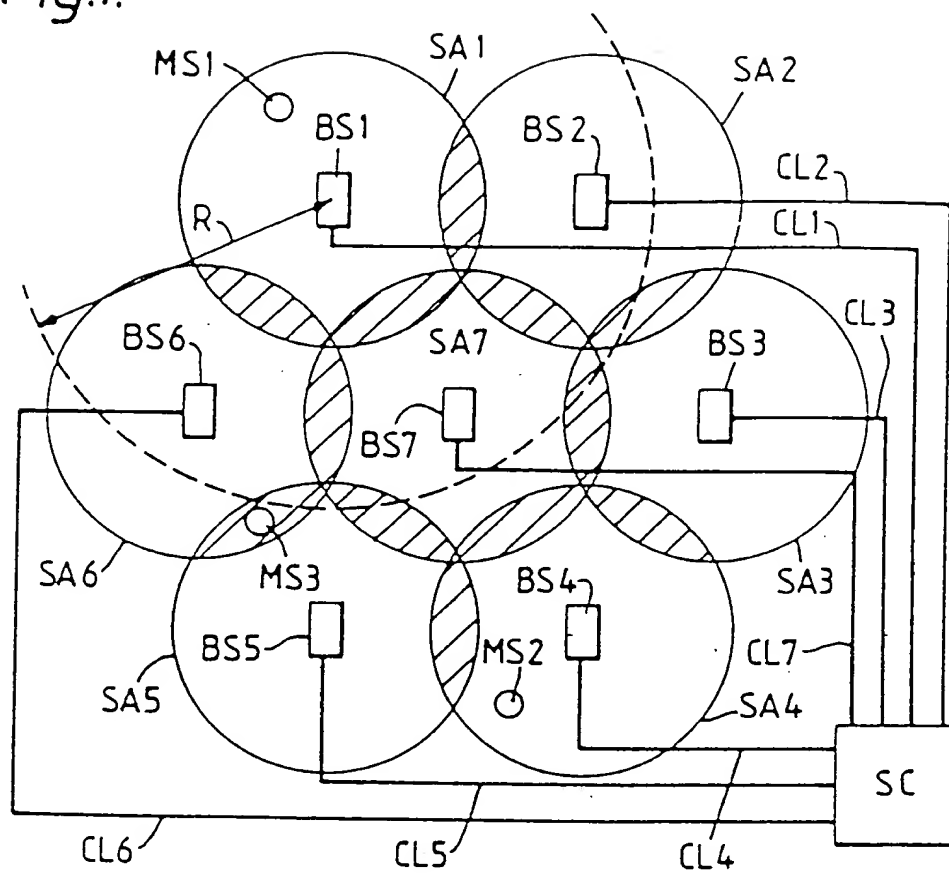
ABSTRACT

MOBILE UNIT HAVING A POSITIONAL ALARM

5 A mobile unit (1) is disclosed for use with a cellular radio transmission system in the form of a plurality of base stations (BS1 to 7) adapted for two-way radio communication and situated at respective geographical locations to define a corresponding plurality of overlapping service areas (SA1 to 7) constituting one or more regions. The mobile unit comprises a receiver (5), control means (2) for controlling the mobile unit and a user interface (6, 9, 10) wherein the control means is adapted whereby, in use and having pre-programmed the control means with information identifying a predetermined service area, the control means recognises entry of the mobile unit into that service area from an adjacent service area and notifies a user of the mobile unit of said entry via the user interface. The mobile unit may further comprising 15 a transmitter (5) and be adapted to communicate by two-way radio with the base stations. The user may be notified with an audible, visible or mechanical alarm by the user interface.

[Figure 2]

Fig.1.



THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

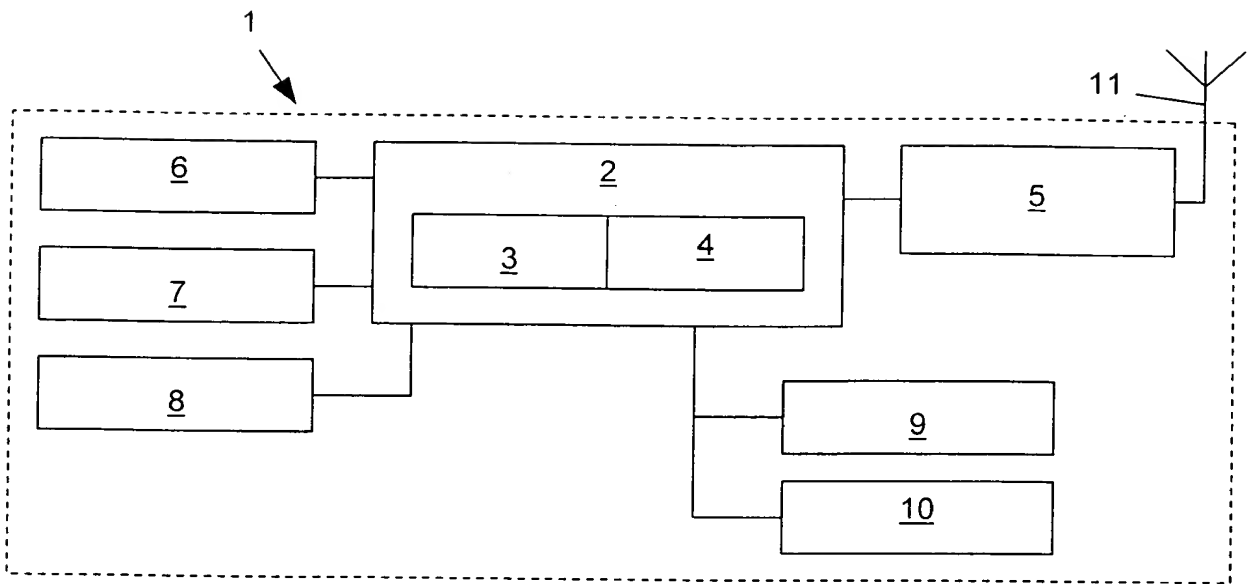


FIG. 2

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)